

US, Japan, France Hold First Joint Drills in Japanese Territory with Eye on China

Japan is looking to boost military cooperation with 'like-minded' countries

By <u>Dave DeCamp</u> Asia-Pacific Research, May 14, 2021 <u>Antiwar.com</u> 12 May 2021 Region: <u>China</u>, <u>East Asia</u> Theme: <u>Defence</u>

All Global Research articles can be read in 51 languages by activating the "Translate Website" drop down menu on the top banner of our home page (Desktop version).

Visit and follow us on Instagram at @crg_globalresearch.

The US, France, and Japan on Tuesday <u>began joint ground and naval military exercises</u>, marking the first time the three countries are holding drills together in Japanese territory.

The week-long exercises come as the US is looking to boost military cooperation between its allies in the region to counter China. Tensions between Japan and China have been high due to a dispute over the Senkaku Islands in the East China Sea.

The exercises started in the Nagasaki Prefecture at Camp Ainoura, <u>where Japan's</u> <u>Amphibious Rapid Deployment Brigade is headquartered</u>. The Japanese amphibious unit was established in 2018 and was created to focus on outlying islands that Japan claims, like the Senkakus, or Diayous as they are known in China.

Speaking to reporters, Japanese **Defense Minister Nobuo Kishi** said Tokyo was looking to expand its military ties with "like-minded" countries beyond the US. He described France as "a like-minded country that shares with Japan the vision of a free and open Indo-Pacific."

Australia will also join a part of the exercises that will be held in the East China Sea. The US, Japan, Australia, and India form the informal grouping known as the Quad, which is seen as a possible foundation for a NATO-style military alliance in Asia. France joined the Quad for military exercises when it led naval drills in the Bay of Bengal.

Strengthening military ties in Asia is a crucial part of the Biden administration's China policy. In his first address to Congress, <u>President Biden said he told Chinese **President Xi Jinping**</u> that the US "will maintain a strong military presence in the Indo-Pacific just as we do with NATO in Europe."

*

Note to readers: Please click the share buttons above or below. Follow us on Instagram,

@crg_globalresearch. Forward this article to your email lists. Crosspost on your blog site, internet forums. etc.

Dave DeCamp is the news editor of Antiwar.com, follow him on Twitter @decampdave.

Featured image is from CC BY-SA 3.0

The original source of this article is <u>Antiwar.com</u> Copyright © <u>Dave DeCamp</u>, <u>Antiwar.com</u>, 2021

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: Dave DeCamp

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). Asia-Pacific Research will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. Asia-Pacific Research grants permission to cross-post Asia-Pacific Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Asia-Pacific Research article. For publication of Asia-Pacific Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: <u>editors@asia-pacificresearch.com</u>

www.asia-pacificresearch.com contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: editors@asia-pacificresearch.com